SET-2

67/2/2

Series GBM/2

रोल नं. Roll No.

परीक्षार्थी कोड को उत्तर-पुस्तिका के मुख-पृष्ठ पर अवश्य लिखें। Candidates must write the Code on the title page of the answer-book.

कोड नं.

Code No.

- कृपया जाँच कर लें कि इस प्रश्न-पत्र में मुद्रित पृष्ठ 24 हैं।
- प्रश्न-पत्र में दाहिने हाथ की ओर दिए गए कोड नम्बर को छात्र उत्तर-पुस्तिका के मुख-पृष्ठ पर लिखें।
- कृपया जाँच कर लें कि इस प्रश्न-पत्र में 23 प्रश्न हैं ।
- कृपया प्रश्न का उत्तर लिखना शुरू करने से पहले, प्रश्न का क्रमांक अवश्य लिखें ।
- इस प्रश्न-पत्र को पढ़ने के लिए 15 मिनट का समय दिया गया है । प्रश्न-पत्र का वितरण पूर्वाह्न में 10.15 बजे किया जाएगा । 10.15 बजे से 10.30 बजे तक छात्र केवल प्रश्न-पत्र को पढ़ेंगे और इस अवधि के दौरान वे उत्तर-पुस्तिका पर कोई उत्तर नहीं लिखेंगे ।
- Please check that this question paper contains **24** printed pages.
- Code number given on the right hand side of the question paper should be written on the title page of the answer-book by the candidate.
- Please check that this question paper contains **23** questions.
- Please write down the Serial Number of the question before attempting it.
- 15 minute time has been allotted to read this question paper. The question paper will be distributed at 10.15 a.m. From 10.15 a.m. to 10.30 a.m., the students will read the question paper only and will not write any answer on the answer-book during this period.

लेखाशास्त्र

ACCOUNTANCY

निर्धारित समय : 3 घण्टे Time allowed : 3 hours 67/2/2

अधिकतम अंक : 80 Maximum Marks : 80

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सामान्य निर्देशः

- (i) यह प्रश्न-पत्र दो खण्डों में विभक्त है क और ख ।
- (ii) खण्ड क सभी के लिए अनिवार्य है ।
- (iii) खण्ड ख के दो विकल्प हैं वित्तीय विवरणों का विश्लेषण तथा अभिकलित्र लेखांकन ।
- (iv) खण्ड ख से केवल एक ही विकल्प के प्रश्नों के उत्तर लिखिए ।
- (v) किसी प्रश्न के सभी खण्डों के उत्तर एक ही स्थान पर लिखे जाने चाहिए ।

General Instructions :

- (i) This question paper contains two parts -A and B.
- (ii) Part A is compulsory for all.
- (iii) Part **B** has two options Analysis of Financial Statements and Computerized Accounting.
- (iv) Attempt **only one** option of Part **B**.
- (v) All parts of a question should be attempted at one place.

खण्ड क (साझेदारी फर्मों तथा कम्पनियों के लिए लेखांकन)

PART A

(Accounting for Partnership Firms and Companies)

- नाबालिगों के अतिरिक्त उन व्यक्तियों की श्रेणियों की सूची बनाइए जो साझेदारी फर्म के सदस्य नहीं बन सकते । List the categories of individuals other than the minors who cannot become the members of a partnership firm.
- 2. ज़ैड लिमिटेड ने ₹ 10 प्रत्येक के 1000 समता अंशों का ₹ 2 प्रति अंश की अंतिम याचना राशि का भुगतान न करने पर हरण कर लिया । बट्टे की उस अधिकतम राशि की गणना कीजिए जिस पर इन अंशों को पुन:निर्गमित किया जा सकता है । Z Ltd. forfeited 1000 equity shares of ₹ 10 each for the non-payment of the final call of ₹ 2 per share. Calculate the maximum amount of discount at which these shares can be reissued.
- 3. वाई लिमिटेड ने ₹ 100 प्रत्येक के 2000, 9% ऋणपत्रों के 10% के बट्टे पर निर्गमन के लिए आवेदन आमन्त्रित किए । सम्पूर्ण राशि का भुगतान आवेदन के समय करना था । 2400 ऋणपत्रों के लिए आवेदन प्राप्त हुए तथा सभी आवेदकों को आनुपातिक आधार पर आबंटन कर दिया गया ।

ऋणपत्रों के निर्गमन के लिए आवश्यक रोज़नामचा प्रविष्टियाँ कीजिए ।

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Y Ltd. invited applications for issuing 2000, 9% debentures of \gtrless 100 each at a discount of 10%. The whole amount was payable at the time of application. Applications for 2400 debentures were received and pro-rata allotment was made to all the applicants.

Pass necessary journal entries for the issue of debentures.

4. सुमन तथा सुधा एक फर्म में साझेदार थीं तथा बराबर लाभ बाँटती थीं । उनकी स्थायी पूँजियाँ क्रमश: ₹ 50,000 तथा ₹ 25,000 थीं । साझेदारी संलेख में पूँजी पर 12% प्रति वर्ष की दर से ब्याज का प्रावधान था । 31 मार्च, 2016 को समाप्त हुए वर्ष के लिए पूँजी पर ब्याज दिए बिना फर्म के लाभ का बँटवारा कर दिया गया ।

त्रुटि के शोधन के लिए आवश्यक समायोजन प्रविष्टि कीजिए ।

Suman and Sudha were partners in a firm sharing profits equally. Their fixed capitals were ₹ 50,000 and ₹ 25,000 respectively. The partnership deed provided interest on capital at the rate of 12% per annum. For the year ended 31^{st} March, 2016, the profits of the firm were distributed without providing interest on capital.

Pass necessary adjustment entry to rectify the error.

5. रीना तथा रमन एक फर्म में साझेदार हैं तथा 4 : 3 के अनुपात में लाभ बाँटते हैं । उन्होंने रोमा को एक नया साझेदार बनाया । रीना, रमन तथा रोमा का नया लाभ सहभाजन अनुपात 3 : 2 : 2 था । रमन ने अपने भाग के ¹/₃ भाग को रोमा के पक्ष में त्याग दिया । रीना के त्याग की गणना कीजिए ।

Reena and Raman are partners in a firm sharing profits in the ratio of 4:3. They admitted Roma as a new partner. The new profit sharing ratio between Reena, Raman and Roma was 3:2:2. Raman surrendered $\frac{1}{3}$ rd of his share in favour of Roma. Calculate Reena's sacrifice.

 उन दो परिस्थितियों का उल्लेख कीजिए जिनके अन्तर्गत साझेदारों की पूँजी पर साधारणत: ब्याज दिया जाता है।

State the two situations in which interest on partners' capital is generally provided.

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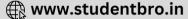
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गगन लिमिटेड ₹ 15,00,00,000 की अधिकृत पूँजी, जो ₹ 10 प्रत्येक के 1,50,00,000 7. समता अंशों में विभक्त है, के साथ पंजीकृत है । कम्पनी की अभिदत्त तथा पूर्ण प्रदत्त पूँजी ₹ 5,00,00,000 थी। स्थानीय नवयुवकों को रोज़गार प्रदान करने हेत् तथा झारखण्ड राज्य के ग्रामीण क्षेत्रों के विकास के लिए कम्पनी ने हज़ारीबाग में एक खाद्य परिशोधन इकाई की स्थापना का निर्णय लिया । कम्पनी ने राँची, हज़ारीबाग तथा रामगढ में कौशल विकास केन्द्रों की स्थापना का भी निर्णय लिया । अपनी नवीन वित्तीय आवश्यकताओं को पूरा करने के लिए कम्पनी ने ₹ 10 प्रत्येक के 2,00,000 समता अंशों तथा ₹ 1,000 प्रत्येक के 2000, 12% ऋणपत्रों के निर्गमन का निर्णय लिया । अंशों तथा ऋणपत्रों का निर्गमन पूर्ण रूप से अभिदत्त हो गया । 500 अंशों का एक अंशधारक ₹ 3 प्रति अंश की अन्तिम याचना राशि का भुगतान करने में असफल रहा ।

कम्पनी अधिनियम, 2013 की सूची III के प्रावधानों के अनुसार कम्पनी के स्थिति विवरण में अंश पूँजी को दर्शाइए । ऐसे किन्हीं दो मूल्यों की पहचान भी कीजिए जिन्हें कम्पनी प्रसारित करना चाहती है।

Gagan Ltd. is registered with an authorised capital of ₹ 15,00,00,000 divided into 1,50,00,000 equity shares of ₹ 10 each. Subscribed and fully paid up share capital of the company was \neq 5,00,00,000. For providing employment to the local youth and for the development of rural areas of Jharkhand State, the company decided to set up a food processing unit in Hazaribagh. The company also decided to set up skill development centres at Ranchi, Hazaribagh and Ramgarh. To meet its new financial requirements the company decided to issue 2,00,000 equity shares of ₹ 10 each and 2000, 12% debentures of ₹ 1,000 each. The issue of shares and debentures was fully subscribed. A shareholder holding 500 shares failed to pay the final call of \gtrless 3 per share.

Show the share capital in the Balance Sheet of the company as per the provisions of Schedule III of the Companies Act, 2013. Also, identify any two values that the company wants to propagate.

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- सी इंडिया लिमिटेड ने बी इंडिया लिमिटेड से मशीनरी का क्रय किया । बी इंडिया लिमिटेड को भुगतान निम्न प्रकार से किया गया :
 - (i) ₹ 10 प्रत्येक के 10,000 समता अंशों को 20% के अधिलाभ पर निर्गमित करके।
 - (ii) ₹ 100 प्रत्येक के 1000, 9% ऋणपत्रों को 5% के बट्टे पर निर्गमित करके ।
 - (iii) शेष ₹ 37,000 एक बैंक ड्राफ्ट देकर ।

सी इंडिया लिमिटेड की पुस्तकों में मशीनरी के क्रय तथा बी इंडिया लिमिटेड को इसके भुगतान की आवश्यक रोज़नामचा प्रविष्टियाँ कीजिए।

C India Ltd. purchased machinery from B India Ltd. Payment to B India Ltd. was made as follows :

- (i) By issuing 10,000 equity shares of \gtrless 10 each at a premium of 20%.
- (ii) By issuing 1000, 9% debentures of \gtrless 100 each at a discount of 5%.
- (iii) Balance by giving a bank draft of \gtrless 37,000.

Pass necessary journal entries in the books of C India Ltd. for the purchase of machinery and payment to B India Ltd.

9. पी, क्यू, आर तथा एस एक फर्म में साझेदार थे तथा 5 : 3 : 1 : 1 के अनुपात में लाभ बाँटते थे । 1 जनवरी, 2017 को एस ने फर्म से अवकाश ग्रहण कर लिया । एस के अवकाश ग्रहण करने पर फर्म की ख्याति का मूल्यांकन ₹ 4,20,000 किया गया । पी, क्यू तथा आर का नया लाभ सहभाजन अनुपात 4 : 3 : 3 होगा ।

अपनी कार्यकारी टिप्पणियों को स्पष्टता से दर्शाते हुए, एस के अवकाश ग्रहण करने पर ख्याति के लेखांकन के लिए फर्म की पुस्तकों में आवश्यक रोज़नामचा प्रविष्टि कीजिए ।

P, Q, R and S were partners in a firm sharing profits in the ratio of 5:3:1:1. On 1st January, 2017, S retired from the firm. On S's retirement the goodwill of the firm was valued at ₹ 4,20,000. The new profit sharing ratio between P, Q and R will be 4:3:3.

Showing your working notes clearly, pass necessary journal entry for the treatment of goodwill in the books of the firm on S's retirement.

10. राज मोटर्स लिमिटेड ने अपने ₹ 100 प्रत्येक के 400, 12% ऋणपत्रों, जिन्हें 6% के बट्टे पर निर्गमित किया गया था, को ₹ 10 प्रत्येक के समता अंशों में परिवर्तित किया । समता अंशों का निर्गमन 25% के अधिलाभ पर किया गया । 12% ऋणपत्रों के निर्गमन पर बट्टे को अभी तक अपलिखित नहीं किया गया है ।

अपनी कार्यकारी टिप्पणियों को स्पष्टता से दर्शाते हुए, उपर्युक्त लेनदेनों के लिए राज मोटर्स लिमिटेड की पुस्तकों में आवश्यक रोज़नामचा प्रविष्टियाँ कीजिए।

Raj Motors Ltd. converted its 400, 12% debentures of \gtrless 100 each issued at a discount of 6% into equity shares of \gtrless 10 each issued at a premium of 25%. Discount on issue of 12% debentures had not yet been written off.

Showing your working notes clearly, pass necessary journal entries for the above transactions in the books of Raj Motors Ltd.

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- एक्स, वाई तथा ज़ैड एक फर्म में साझेदार थे तथा 5:3:2 के अनुपात में लाभ बाँटते थे। 11. फर्म अपनी पुस्तकें प्रति वर्ष 31 मार्च को बन्द करती है । 30.9.2016 को ज़ैड की मृत्यु हो गई । साझेदारी संलेख के अनुसार किसी साझेदार की मृत्यु के समय उसके निष्पादक को निम्नलिखित देय होगा :
 - उसके पूँजी खाते का शेष तथा पूँजी पर 12% वार्षिक ब्याज । 1.4.2016 को ज़ैड के (i) पूँजी खाते में ₹ 80,000 का शेष था।
 - उसकी मृत्यु के वर्ष में, फर्म के लाभ में उसका भाग जिसकी गणना पिछले वर्ष के (ii) विक्रय पर शुद्ध लाभ की दर के आधार पर की जाएगी, जो कि 25% थी। 30.9.2016 तक फर्म का विक्रय ₹ 4,00,000 था।
 - फर्म की ख्याति में उसका भाग । ज़ैड की मृत्यु पर फर्म की ख्याति का मूल्यांकन (iii) ₹ 3,00,000 किया गया ।

साझेदारी संलेख में यह भी प्रावधान था कि मृतक साझेदार के निष्पादक को देय राशि में से निम्नलिखित की कटौतियाँ की जाएँगी :

- उसकी मृत्यु के वर्ष में उसका आहरण । 30.9.2016 तक ज़ैड ने ₹ 30,000 का (i) आहरण किया था।
- आहरण पर 12% वार्षिक ब्याज जिसकी गणना ₹ 2,000 की गई। (ii)

फर्म के लेखपाल ने उसके निष्पादक को प्रस्तुत करने के लिए ज़ैड का पूँजी खाता तैयार किया परन्तु जल्दी में उसने इसे पूरा नहीं किया । फर्म के लेखपाल द्वारा तैयार किया गया ज़ैड का पूँजी खाता नीचे प्रस्तुत है :

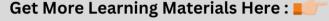
ज़ैड का पूँजी खाता

नाम राशि राशि तिथि विवरण तिथि विवरण ₹ ₹ 2016 2016 अप्रैल 1 सितम्बर 30 30,000 80,000 सितम्बर 30 सितम्बर 30 4,800 2,000 सितम्बर 30 सितम्बर 30 20,000 सितम्बर 30 सितम्बर 30 . 1,64,800 1,64,800

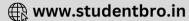
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ज़ैड के पूँजी खाते को पूरा कीजिए।

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जमा

X, Y and Z were partners in a firm sharing profits in the ratio of 5:3:2. The firm closes its books on 31^{st} March every year. On 30.9.2016, Z died. The partnership deed provided that on the death of a partner his executors will be entitled to the following :

- Balance in his capital account and interest on capital @ 12% per annum. On 1.4.2016 balance in Z's Capital account was ₹ 80,000.
- (ii) His share in the profits of the firm in the year of his death, which will be calculated on the basis of rate of net profit on sales of the previous year which was 25%. The sales of the firm till 30.9.2016 were ₹ 4,00,000.
- (iii) His share in the goodwill of the firm. The goodwill of the firm on Z's death was valued at ₹ 3,00,000.

The partnership deed also provided that the following deductions will be made from the amount payable to the executor of the deceased partner :

- (i) His drawings in the year of his death. Z had withdrawn ₹ 30,000 till 30.9.2016.
- (ii) Interest on drawings @ 12% per annum which was calculated as ₹ 2,000.

The accountant of the firm prepared Z's Capital account to be presented to his executor but in a hurry did not complete it. Z's Capital account as prepared by the firm's accountant is presented below :

Dr.					Cr.
Date	Particulars	Amount ₹	Date	Particulars	Amount ₹
2016 Sep 30		30,000	2016 April 1		80,000
Sep 30		2,000	Sep 30		4,800
Sep 30			Sep 30		20,000
			Sep 30		
			$\operatorname{Sep} 30$		
		1,64,800			1,64,800

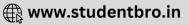
Z's Capital Account

You are required to complete Z's Capital account.

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12. पंकज तथा नरेश एक फर्म में साझेदार थे तथा 3 : 2 के अनुपात में लाभ बाँटते थे । उनकी स्थायी पूँजियाँ क्रमश: ₹ 5,00,000 तथा ₹ 3,00,000 थीं । 1.1.2017 को उन्होंने लाभ के
के ¹/₅ भाग के लिए सौरभ को एक नया साझेदार बनाया । सौरभ ने लाभ का अपना भाग पंकज से प्राप्त किया । सौरभ अपनी पूँजी के लिए ₹ 3,00,000 लाया जिसे पंकज तथा नरेश की पूँजियों की तरह स्थायी रखना था ।

सौरभ के प्रवेश पर फर्म की ख्याति तथा पंकज, नरेश एवं सौरभ के मध्य नए लाभ सहभाजन अनुपात की गणना कीजिए । ख्याति के लेखांकन के लिए आवश्यक रोज़नामचा प्रविष्टि भी कीजिए ।

Pankaj and Naresh were partners in a firm sharing profits in the ratio of 3:2. Their fixed capitals were \gtrless 5,00,000 and \gtrless 3,00,000 respectively. On 1.1.2017, Saurabh was admitted as a new partner for $\frac{1}{5}$ th share in the profits. Saurabh acquired his share of profit from Pankaj. Saurabh brought \gtrless 3,00,000 as his capital which was to be kept fixed like the capitals of Pankaj and Naresh.

Calculate the goodwill of the firm on Saurabh's admission and the new profit sharing ratio of Pankaj, Naresh and Saurabh. Also, pass necessary journal entry for the treatment of goodwill.

13. महादेव, सुकेश, मेनन तथा थॉमस एक फर्म में साझेदार थे तथा 5 : 2 : 2 : 1 के अनुपात में लाभ बाँटते थे | 31 मार्च, 2016 को उनका स्थिति विवरण निम्न प्रकार से था :

देयताएँ	राशि ₹	परिसम्पत्तियाँ	राशि ₹
पूँजियाँ :		स्थायी परिसम्पत्तियाँ	18,00,000
महादेव 7,00,000		चालू परिसम्पत्तियाँ	6,75,000
सुकेश 6,00,000			
मेनन 5,00,000			
थॉमस <u>4,50,000</u>	22,50,000		
विभिन्न लेनदार	1,50,000		
कामगार क्षतिपूर्ति संचय	75,000		
	24,75,000		24,75,000

31.3.2016 को महादेव, सुकेश, मेनन तथा थॉमस का स्थिति विवरण

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उपर्युक्त तिथि से साझेदारों ने भविष्य में लाभ 4 : 3 : 2 : 1 के अनुपात में बाँटने का निर्णय लिया । इस उद्देश्य के लिए फर्म की ख्याति का मूल्यांकन ₹ 1,20,000 किया गया । साझेदार निम्नलिखित के लिए भी सहमत हुए :

- (i) कामगार क्षतिपूर्ति संचय के विरुद्ध दावे का अनुमान ₹ 1,00,000 लगाया गया तथा
 स्थायी परिसम्पत्तियों पर ₹ 75,000 मूल्यहास प्रदान करना था ।
- (ii) साझेदारों की पूँजी को नए लाभ सहभाजन अनुपात के अनुसार समायोजित करना था, इसके लिए आवश्यकतानुसार रोकड़ लाई जाएगी अथवा भुगतान की जाएगी ।

पुनर्मूल्यांकन खाता, साझेदारों के पूँजी खाते तथा पुनर्गठित फर्म का स्थिति विवरण तैयार कीजिए।

Mahadev, Sukesh, Menon and Thomas were partners in a firm sharing profits in the ratio of 5:2:2:1. On 31^{st} March, 2016 their Balance Sheet was as follows :

Balance Sheet of Mahadev, Sukesh, Menon and Thomas as at 31.3.2016

Liabi	lities	Amount ₹	Assets	Amount ₹
Capit	tals :		Fixed Assets	18,00,000
Mahadev	7,00,000		Current Assets	6,75,000
Sukesh	6,00,000			
Menon	5,00,000			
Thomas	4,50,000	22,50,000		
Sundry C	Creditors	1,50,000		
Workmen Co Rese	-	75,000		
		24,75,000		24,75,000

From the above date the partners decided to share the future profits in the ratio of 4:3:2:1. For this purpose the goodwill of the firm was valued at \gtrless 1,20,000. The partners also agreed for the following :

- (i) Claim against Workmen Compensation Reserve was estimated at ₹ 1,00,000 and ₹ 75,000 depreciation on fixed assets was to be provided.
- (ii) Capitals of the partners will be adjusted according to the new profit sharing ratio by bringing in or paying off cash as the case may be.

Prepare Revaluation Account, Partners' Capital Accounts and the Balance Sheet of the reconstituted firm.

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14. 1.4.2015 को जी.जी.वाई. लिमिटेड ने ₹ 100 प्रत्येक के 3000, 9% ऋणपत्रों का निर्गमन 6% के बट्टे पर किया । ऋणपत्रों का शोधन पाँच वर्षों पश्चात् 10% के अधिलाभ पर करना था । कम्पनी अपनी पुस्तकें प्रति वर्ष 31 मार्च को बन्द करती है । 9% ऋणपत्रों पर ब्याज 30 सितम्बर तथा 31 मार्च को देय होता है । स्रोत पर कर कटौती की दर 10% है ।

9% ऋणपत्रों के निर्गमन तथा 31 मार्च, 2016 को समाप्त हुए वर्ष के लिए ब्याज की आवश्यक रोज़नामचा प्रविष्टियाँ कीजिए।

On 1.4.2015, GGY Ltd. issued 3000, 9% debentures of \gtrless 100 each at a discount of 6%, redeemable at a premium of 10% after five years. The company closes its books on 31^{st} March every year. Interest on 9% debentures is payable on 30^{th} September and 31^{st} March. Rate of tax deducted at source is 10%.

Pass necessary journal entries for the issue of 9% debentures and interest for the year ended 31^{st} March, 2016.

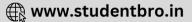
15. निम्नलिखित स्थितियों में एक फर्म के विघटन के समय आवश्यक रोज़नामचा प्रविष्टियाँ कीजिए :

- (i) विघटन व्यय ₹ 4,500 थे।
- (ii) विघटन व्यय ₹ 5,000 का भुगतान एक साझेदार, सुधीर, ने किया।
- (iii) एक साझेदार, सुधा, ₹ 7,300 के कमीशन पर विघटन कार्य करने के लिए सहमत हो गई । वह विघटन व्यय वहन करने के लिए भी सहमत थी । सुधा द्वारा भुगतान किए गए वास्तविक विघटन व्यय ₹ 7,500 थे ।
- (iv) एक साझेदार, सोमेश, ₹ 5,000 के कमीशन पर विघटन कार्य करने के लिए सहमत हो गया । वह विघटन व्ययों को वहन करने के लिए भी सहमत था । ₹ 4,750 के वास्तविक विघटन व्ययों का भुगतान फर्म के बैंक खाते से किया गया ।
- (v) एक साझेदार, शीतल, को ₹ 8,000 के वेतन पर विघटन कार्य की देखरेख के लिए नियुक्त किया गया । वह विघटन व्ययों को वहन करने के लिए भी सहमत थी । वास्तविक विघटन व्यय ₹ 7,500 का भुगतान शीतल की तरफ से एक अन्य साझेदार, स्मिता, ने किया ।
- (vi) एक साझेदार, सोम्या, को ₹ 11,000 के वेतन पर विघटन प्रक्रिया की देखरेख के लिए नियुक्त किया गया । सोम्या विघटन व्ययों को वहन करने के लिए सहमत थी । सोम्या ने अपने वेतन स्वरूप समान मूल्य का स्टॉक ले लिया । स्टॉक को पहले से ही वसूली खाते में स्थानांतरित कर दिया गया था ।

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Pass necessary journal entries on dissolution of a firm in the following cases :

- (i) Dissolution expenses were \neq 4,500.
- (ii) Dissolution expenses \gtrless 5,000 were paid by a partner, Sudhir.
- (iii) Sudha, a partner, agreed to do the dissolution work for a commission of ₹ 7,300. She also agreed to bear the dissolution expenses. Actual dissolution expenses paid by Sudha were ₹ 7,500.
- (iv) Somesh, a partner, agreed to do the dissolution work for a commission of ₹ 5,000. He also agreed to bear the dissolution expenses. Actual dissolution expenses ₹ 4,750 were paid from the firm's bank account.
- (v) Sheetal, a partner, was appointed to look after the dissolution work for a remuneration of ₹ 8,000. She also agreed to bear the dissolution expenses. Actual dissolution expenses ₹ 7,500 were paid by Smita, another partner, on behalf of Sheetal.
- (vi) Somaya, a partner, was appointed to look after the dissolution process for a remuneration of ₹ 11,000. Somaya agreed to bear the dissolution expenses. Somaya took over stock of the same value as her remuneration. The stock had already been transferred to realisation account.
- 16. बी.बी.जी. लिमिटेड ने ₹ 10 प्रत्येक के 2,00,000 समता अंशों को ₹ 10 प्रति अंश के अधिलाभ पर निर्गमित करने के लिए आवेदन आमन्त्रित किए । राशि का भुगतान निम्न प्रकार से करना था :

आवेदन पर — ₹ 4 प्रति अंश (₹ 2 अधिलाभ सहित) आबंटन पर — ₹ 5 प्रति अंश (₹ 2 अधिलाभ सहित) प्रथम याचना पर — ₹ 5 प्रति अंश (₹ 3 अधिलाभ सहित) दसरी तथा अन्तिम याचना पर – शेष राशि

निर्गमन पूर्णत: अभिदत्त हो गया । 1000 अंशों के एक अंशधारक, रघु ने आबंटन राशि का भुगतान नहीं किया तथा 1500 अंशों के अन्य अंशधारक, रहीम, ने अपनी सम्पूर्ण अंश राशि का भुगतान आबंटन के साथ कर दिया । आबंटन के तुरन्त पश्चात् रघु के अंशों का हरण कर लिया गया । उसके पश्चात् प्रथम याचना राशि माँगी गई । 500 अंशों के अंशधारक दीनानाथ ने प्रथम याचना राशि का भुगतान नहीं किया तथा 600 अंशों के एक अंशधारक दयाल ने

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प्रथम याचना राशि के साथ दूसरी याचना राशि का भी भुगतान कर दिया । प्रथम याचना राशि की प्राप्ति के तुरन्त पश्चात् दीनानाथ के अंशों का हरण कर लिया गया । उसके पश्चात् दूसरी याचना राशि माँगी गई तथा पूर्ण रूप से प्राप्त हो गई ।

उपर्युक्त लेनदेनों के लिए बी.बी.जी. लिमिटेड की पुस्तकों में आवश्यक रोज़नामचा प्रविष्टियाँ कीजिए।

अथवा

जॉय लिमिटेड ने ₹ 10 प्रत्येक के 20,000 समता अंशों को सममूल्य पर निर्गमित करने के लिए आवेदन आमन्त्रित किए। राशि का भुगतान निम्न प्रकार से करना था :

> आवेदन पर — ₹ 3 प्रति अंश आबंटन पर — ₹ 4 प्रति अंश प्रथम तथा अन्तिम याचना पर – शेष राशि

निर्गम तीन गुना अत्यभिदत्त हुआ । 20% अंशों के आवेदनों को रद्द कर दिया गया तथा राशि वापस कर दी गई । शेष आवेदकों को निम्न प्रकार से अंशों का आबंटन किया गया ।

श्रेणी	आवेदन किए गए अंशों की संख्या	आबंटित अंशों की संख्या
Ι	30,000	15,000
II	18,000	5,000

आवेदन पर प्राप्त अतिरिक्त राशि का समायोजन आबंटन पर देय राशि में कर लिया गया । आबंटन पर देय राशि से अधिक राशि का समायोजन प्रथम तथा अन्तिम याचना पर देय राशि में कर लिया गया । प्रथम तथा अन्तिम याचना पर देय राशि से अधिक राशि वापस कर दी गई । एक अंशधारक, कवि, जिसने 600 अंशों के लिए आवेदन किया था, ने शेष आबंटन राशि का भुगतान नहीं किया तथा उसके अंशों का तुरन्त हरण कर लिया गया । कवि श्रेणी I के आवेदकों से सम्बन्धित था ।

उसके पश्चात् प्रथम तथा अन्तिम याचना राशि माँग ली गई । गुप्ता, जिसने 400 अंशों के लिए आवेदन किया था, ने प्रथम तथा अन्तिम याचना राशि का भुगतान नहीं किया । गुप्ता भी श्रेणी I के आवेदकों से सम्बन्धित था ।

गुप्ता के अंशों का हरण भी प्रथम एवं अन्तिम याचना के पश्चात् कर लिया गया । हरण किए गए अंशों को ₹ 12 प्रति अंश पूर्ण प्रदत्त पुन:निर्गमित कर दिया गया ।

उपर्युक्त लेनदेनों के लिए जॉय लिमिटेड की पुस्तकों में आवश्यक रोज़नामचा प्रविष्टियाँ कीजिए।

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BBG Ltd. invited applications for issuing 2,00,000 equity shares of \gtrless 10 each at a premium of \gtrless 10 per share. The amount was payable as follows :

On Application — ₹ 4 per share (including ₹ 2 premium)
On Allotment — ₹ 5 per share (including ₹ 2 premium)
On First call — ₹ 5 per share (including ₹ 3 premium)
On Second and final call – Balance amount

The issue was fully subscribed. Raghu, a shareholder holding 1000 shares, failed to pay the allotment money and Rahim, another shareholder holding 1500 shares, paid his entire share money along with allotment. Raghu's shares were forfeited immediately after allotment. Afterwards, the first call was made. Deenanath, a shareholder holding 500 shares, failed to pay the first call money and Dayal, a shareholder holding 600 shares, paid his second call money along with the first call. Deenanath's shares were forfeited immediately after the first call. Later on the second call was made which was duly received.

Pass necessary journal entries for the above transactions in the books of BBG Ltd.

OR

Joy Ltd. invited applications for issuing 20,000 equity shares of \neq 10 each at par. The amount was payable as follows :

On Application — ₹ 3 per share On Allotment — ₹ 4 per share

Get More Learning Materials Here :

On First and find call – Balance amount

The issue was oversubscribed by three times. Applications for 20% shares were rejected and the money was refunded. Allotment was made to the remaining applicants as follows :

	Category	No. of Shares Applied	No. of Shares Allotted	
	Ι	30,000	15,000	
	II	18,000	5,000	
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Excess money received with applications was adjusted towards sums due on allotment. Money in excess to sums due on allotment was adjusted towards sums due on first and final call and any money in excess to sums due on first and final call was refunded. Kavi, a shareholder who had applied for 600 shares, failed to pay the remaining allotment money and his shares were immediately forfeited. Kavi belonged to Category I.

Afterwards the first and final call was made. Gupta, who had applied for 400 shares, failed to pay the first and final call. Gupta also belonged to Category I.

Shares of Gupta were also forfeited after the first and final call. The forfeited shares were reissued at ₹ 12 per share fully paid up.

Pass necessary journal entries for the above transactions in the books of Joy Ltd.

17. ए तथा ज़ैड एक फर्म में साझेदार हैं तथा 7 : 3 के अनुपात में लाभ बाँटते हैं | 31.3.2016
 को उनका स्थिति विवरण निम्न प्रकार से था :

देयताएँ	राशि ₹	परिसम्पत्तियाँ	राशि ₹
विभिन्न लेनदार	60,000	रोकड़	36,000
डूबत ऋणों के लिए प्रावधान	6,000	देनदार	54,000
अदत्त मज़दूरी	9,000	स्टॉक	60,000
सामान्य संचय	15,000	फर्नीचर	1,20,000
पूँजियाँ :		मशीनरी	1,20,000
ए 1,20,000			
ज़ैड <u>1,80,000</u>	3,00,000		
	3,90,000		3,90,000

31.3.2016 को ए तथा ज़ैड का स्थिति विवरण

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उपर्युक्त तिथि को लाभ के $\frac{1}{4}$ भाग के लिए बी को निम्नलिखित शर्तों पर एक नया साझेदार बनाया गया :

- (i) बी अपनी पूँजी के लिए ₹ 90,000 तथा ख्याति प्रीमियम के अपने भाग के लिए ₹ 30,000 लाएगा, जिसके आधे भाग का ए तथा ज़ैड द्वारा आहरण कर लिया जाएगा।
- (ii) ₹ 4,500 के देनदारों को अपलिखित कर दिया जाएगा तथा देनदारों पर डूबत तथा संदिग्ध ऋणों के लिए 5% का प्रावधान किया जाएगा ।
- (iii) अदत्त मज़दूरी का भुगतान कर दिया जाएगा।
- (iv) स्टॉक पर 10%, फर्नीचर पर ₹ 1,500 तथा मशीनरी पर 8% का मूल्यहास लगाया जाएगा ।
- (v) ₹ 7,500 के निवेश, जिन्हें स्थिति विवरण में नहीं दर्शाया गया है, का लेखा किया जाएगा ।
- (vi) ₹ 6,300 का एक लेनदार, जिसे पुस्तकों में नहीं दर्शाया गया है, का लेखा किया जाएगा ।

फर्म की पुस्तकों में बी के प्रवेश पर उपर्युक्त लेनदेनों के लिए आवश्यक रोज़नामचा प्रविष्टियाँ कीजिए।

अथवा

एन, एस तथा जी एक फर्म में साझेदार थे तथा 2 : 3 : 5 के अनुपात में लाभ बाँटते थे । 31.3.2016 को उनका स्थिति विवरण निम्न प्रकार से था :

देयताएँ	राशि ₹	परिसम्पत्तियाँ	राशि ₹
लेनदार	1,65,000	रोकड़	1,20,000
सामान्य संचय	90,000	देनदार 1,35,000	
पूँजियाँ		घटा : प्रावधान <u>15,000</u>	1,20,000
एन 2,25,000		स्टॉक	1,50,000
एस 3,75,000		मशीनरी	4,50,000
জী <u>4,50,000</u>	10,50,000	एकस्व	90,000
		भवन	3,00,000
		लाभ-हानि खाता	75,000
	13,05,000		13,05,000

31.3.2016 को एन, एस तथा जी का स्थिति विवरण

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P.T.O.

उपर्युक्त तिथि को जी ने अवकाश ग्रहण किया तथा यह सहमति हुई कि

- (i) ₹ 6,000 के देनदारों को डूबत ऋणों के रूप में अपलिखित किया जाएगा तथा देनदारों पर डूबत तथा संदिग्ध ऋणों के लिए प्रावधान को 5% पर रखा जाएगा ।
- (ii) एकस्वों को पूर्णत: अपलिखित किया जाएगा तथा स्टॉक, मशीनरी एवं भवन पर 5% मूल्यहास लगाया जाएगा ।
- (iii) ₹ 30,000 के एक लेनदार, जिसका लेखा नहीं किया गया था, का लेखा किया जाएगा।
- (iv) एन तथा एस भविष्य में लाभ 2:3 के अनुपात में बाँटेंगे।
- (v) जी के अवकाश ग्रहण करने पर फर्म की ख्याति का मूल्यांकन ₹ 90,000 किया गया ।

जी के अवकाश ग्रहण करने पर उपर्युक्त लेनदेनों के लिए फर्म की पुस्तकों में आवश्यक रोज़नामचा प्रविष्टियाँ कीजिए।

A and Z are partners in a firm sharing profits in the ratio of 7 : 3. Their Balance Sheet as on 31.3.2016 was as follows :

Liabilities	Amount ₹	Assets	Amount ₹
Sundry Creditors	60,000	Cash	36,000
Provision for Bad Debts	6,000	Debtors	54,000
Outstanding Wages	9,000	Stock	60,000
General Reserve	15,000	Furniture	1,20,000
Capitals :		Machinery	1,20,000
A 1,20,000			
Z <u>1,80,000</u>	3,00,000		
	3,90,000		3,90,000

Balance Sheet of A and Z as on 31.3.2016

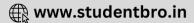
On the above date B was admitted for $\frac{1}{4}$ th share in the profits on the following terms :

- (i) B will bring ₹ 90,000 as his capital and ₹ 30,000 as his share of goodwill premium, half of which will be withdrawn by A and Z.
- (ii) Debtors \gtrless 4,500 will be written off and a provision of 5% will be created on debtors for bad and doubtful debts.
- (iii) Outstanding wages will be paid off.

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- (iv) Stock will be depreciated by 10%, furniture by \gtrless 1,500 and machinery by 8%.
- (v) Investments of \neq 7,500 not shown in the Balance Sheet will be recorded.
- (vi) A creditor of \gtrless 6,300 not recorded in the books was to be taken into account.

Pass necessary journal entries for the above transactions in the books of the firm on B's admission.

OR

N, S and G were partners in a firm sharing profits and losses in the ratio of 2:3:5. On 31.3.2016 their Balance Sheet was as under :

Liabilitie	es	Amount ₹	Assets	Amount ₹
Creditors	5	1,65,000	Cash	1,20,000
General	Reserve	90,000	Debtors 1,35,000	
Capitals	:		Less : Provision 15,000	1,20,000
Ν	2,25,000		Stock	1,50,000
S	3,75,000		Machinery	4,50,000
G	4,50,000	10,50,000	Patents	90,000
			Building	3,00,000
			Profit and Loss Account	75,000
		13,05,000		13,05,000

Balance Sheet of N, S and G as on 31.3.2016

G retired on the above date and it was agreed that

- (i) Debtors of ₹ 6,000 will be written off as bad debts and a provision of 5% on debtors for bad and doubtful debts will be maintained.
- (ii) Patents will be completely written off and stock, machinery and building will be depreciated by 5%.
- (iii) An unrecorded creditor of \gtrless 30,000 will be taken into account.
- (iv) N and S will share the future profits in 2:3 ratio.
- (v) Goodwill of the firm on G's retirement was valued at ₹ 90,000.

Pass necessary journal entries for the above transactions in the books of the firm on G's retirement.

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P.T.O.

खण्ड ख (वित्तीय विवरणों का विश्लेषण)

PART B

(Analysis of Financial Statements)

18. रोकड़ प्रवाह विवरण तैयार करते समय एक वित्तीय उद्यम द्वारा दिए गए 'रोकड़ अग्रिमों तथा ऋणों' को किस प्रकार की गतिविधि के अन्तर्गत दर्शाया जाएगा ? अपने उत्तर के समर्थन में कारण दीजिए ।

'Cash advances and loans' made by financial enterprises will be shown under which type of activity while preparing cash flow statement ? Give reason in support of your answer.

- 19. 'रोकड़ प्रवाह विवरण' तैयार करने के किन्हीं दो लाभों का उल्लेख कीजिए। State any two benefits of preparing 'Cash Flow Statement'.
- 20. (क) वित्त प्रबंधक, तथा (ख) व्यापार देनदारियों के लिए 'वित्तीय विवरणों के विश्लेषण' के महत्त्व को संक्षेप में समझाइए ।
 Briefly explain the significance of 'Analysis of financial statements' to (a) The Finance Manager, and (b) Trade Payables.
- 21. वित्तीय विवरणों को संगत लेखांकन अवधारणाओं, सिद्धान्तों, प्रक्रियाओं तथा विधिक पर्यावरण, जिसमें व्यावसायिक संगठन प्रचालित होते हैं, को ध्यान में रखकर तैयार किया जाता है । ये विवरण ऐसी सूचना के स्रोत होते हैं जिसके आधार पर कम्पनी की लाभप्रदता एवं वित्तीय स्थिति के बारे में निष्कर्ष निकालते हैं ताकि इनके उपयोगकर्ता सुगमता से इन्हें समझ सकते हैं तथा इनका उपयोग अपने आर्थिक निर्णयों में अर्थपूर्ण रूप से कर सकते हैं ।

उपर्युक्त कथन से ऐसे किन्हीं दो मूल्यों की पहचान कीजिए जिनका ध्यान किसी कम्पनी को अपने वित्तीय विवरण तैयार करते समय रखना चाहिए । यह भी उल्लेख कीजिए कि कम्पनी अधिनियम, 2013 की अनुसूची III के अनुसार एक कम्पनी के स्थिति विवरण में निम्नलिखित मदों को किन-किन मुख्य शीर्षकों तथा उप-शीर्षकों के अन्तर्गत दर्शाया जाएगा :

- (i) अदत्त याचना
- (ii) पूर्वदत्त याचना
- (iii) हरण किए गए समता अंशों के पुनर्निर्गमन पर लाभ
- (iv) व्यापारिक देय जिनका निपटारा स्थिति विवरण की तिथि के 12 माह पश्चात् करना है

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Financial statements are prepared following the consistent accounting concepts, principles, procedures and also the legal environment in which the business organisations operate. These statements are the source of information on the basis of which conclusions are drawn about the profitability and financial position of a company so that their users can easily understand and use them in their economic decisions.

From the above statement identify any two values that a company should observe while preparing its financial statements. Also, state under which major headings and sub-headings the following items will be presented in the Balance Sheet of a company as per Schedule III of the Companies Act, 2013 :

- (i) Calls-in-arrears
- (ii) Calls-in-advance
- (iii) Gain on reissue of forfeited equity shares
- (iv) Trade payables to be settled beyond 12 months from the date of Balance Sheet
- 22. कारण देते हुए उल्लेख कीजिए कि निम्नलिखित लेनदेनों से 'निवेश पर प्रतिफल' बढ़ेगा, घटेगा अथवा इसमें कोई परिवर्तन नहीं होगा :
 - (i) समता अंशों के निर्गमन द्वारा ₹ 2,00,000 की मशीनरी का क्रय।
 - (ii) मशीनरी पर ₹ 5,000 का मूल्यहास लगाना ।
 - (iii) रोकड़ द्वारा ₹ 70,000 के ऋणपत्रों का शोधन ।
 - (iv) ₹ 50,000 के 9% ऋणपत्रों को समता अंशों में परिवर्तित करना।

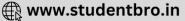
State with reason whether the following transactions will increase, decrease or not change the 'Return on Investment' :

- (i) Purchase of machinery worth \gtrless 2,00,000 by issue of equity shares.
- (ii) Charging depreciation of \gtrless 5,000 on machinery.
- (iii) Redemption of debentures in cash \neq 70,000.
- (iv) Converting ₹ 50,000, 9% debentures into equity shares.

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23. 31 मार्च, 2016 को जे.एम. लिमिटेड का स्थिति विवरण निम्न प्रकार से था :

		नोट	31.3.2016	31.3.2015
	विवरण	संख्या	₹	₹
I – 3	पमता तथा देयताएँ <mark>:</mark>			
1.	अंशधारी निधियाँ :			
	(अ) अंश पूँजी		2,25,000	1,75,000
	(ब) संचय एवं आधिक्य	1	62,500	25,000
2.	अचल देयताएँ :			
	दीर्घकालीन ऋण	2	1,12,500	87,500
3.	चालू देयताएँ :			
	(अ) लघुकालीन ऋण	3	37,500	18,750
	(ब) लघुकालीन प्रावधान	4	50,000	31,250
	व	हुल	4,87,500	3,37,500
II –	परिसम्पत्तियाँ :			
1.	अचल परिसम्पत्तियाँ :			
	(अ) स्थायी परिसम्पत्तियाँ :			
	(i) मूर्त	5	3,66,250	2,28,750
	(ii) अमूर्त	6	25,000	37,500
	(ब) अचल निवेश		37,500	25,000
2.	चालू परिसम्पत्तियाँ :			
	(अ) चालू निवेश		10,000	17,500
	(ब) स्टॉक (मालसूची)	7	30,500	18,000
	(स) रोकड़ तथा रोकड़ तुल्य		18,250	10,750
	व	हल	4,87,500	3,37,500

जे.एम. लिमिटेड का 31 मार्च, 2016 को स्थिति विवरण

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खातों के नोट्स

	भ गांट्स		
नोट सं.	विवरण	31.3.2016 =	31.3.2015 =
स.		₹	₹
1.	संचय एवं आधिक्य		
	(आधिक्य – लाभ-हानि विवरण का शेष)	62,500	25,000
		62,500	25,000
2.	दीर्घकालीन ऋण		
	12% ऋणपत्र	1,12,500	87,500
		1,12,500	87,500
3.	लघुकालीन ऋण		
	बैंक अधिविकर्ष	37,500	18,750
		37,500	18,750
4.	लघुकालीन प्रावधान		
	प्रस्तावित लाभांश	50,000	31,250
		50,000	31,250
5.	मूर्त परिसम्पत्तियाँ		
	मशीनरी	4,18,750	2,63,750
	एकत्रित (संचित) मूल्यह्रास	(52,500)	(35,000)
		3,66,250	2,28,750
6.	अमूर्त परिसम्पत्तियाँ		
	ख्याति	25,000	37,500
		25,000	37,500
7.	स्टॉक (मालसूची)		
	स्टॉक (बिक्री के लिए माल)	30,500	18,000
		30,500	18,000

अतिरिक्त सूचना :

- (i) ₹ 25,000, 12% ऋणपत्रों का निर्गमन 31.3.2016 को किया गया।
- (ii) वर्ष के दौरान एक मशीनरी जिसकी लागत ₹ 20,000 थी तथा जिस पर एकत्रित मूल्यहास ₹ 10,000 था को ₹ 2,500 की हानि पर बेच दिया गया ।

रोकड़ प्रवाह विवरण तैयार कीजिए।

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P.T.O.

Following is the Balance Sheet of J.M. Ltd as at 31.3.2016:

		Note	31.3.2016	31.3.2015
	Particulars	No.	₹	₹
I – F	Equity and Liabilities :			
1.	Shareholder's Funds :			
	(a) Share Capital		2,25,000	1,75,000
	(b) Reserves and Surplus	1	62,500	25,000
2.	Non-Current Liabilities :			
	Long-Term Borrowings	2	1,12,500	87,500
3.	Current Liabilities :			
	(a) Short-term Borrowings	3	37,500	18,750
	(b) Short-Term Provisions	4	50,000	31,250
	Total		4,87,500	3,37,500
II –	Assets :			
1.	Non-Current Assets :			
	(a) Fixed Assets :			
	(i) Tangible	5	3,66,250	2,28,750
	(ii) Intangible	6	25,000	37,500
	(b) Non-Current Investments		37,500	25,000
2.	Current Assets :			
	(a) Current Investments		10,000	17,500
	(b) Inventories	7	30,500	18,000
	(c) Cash and Cash Equivalents		18,250	10,750
	Total		4,87,500	3,37,500

J.M. Ltd. Balance Sheet as at 31.3.2016

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Notes to Accounts

Mata		91 9 9010	91 9 9015
Note No.	Particulars	31.3.2016	31.3.2015
	Development Original a	₹	₹
1.	Reserves and Surplus		
	(Surplus i.e., Balance in the Statement of Profit and Loss)	62,500	25,000
		62,500	25,000
2.	Long-term Borrowings		
	12% Debentures	1,12,500	87,500
		1,12,500	87,500
3.	Short-term Borrowings		
	Bank Overdraft	37,500	18,750
		37,500	18,750
4.	Short-term Provisions		
	Proposed Dividend	50,000	31,250
		50,000	31,250
5.	Tangible Assets		
	Machinery	4,18,750	2,63,750
	Accumulated Depreciation	(52,500)	(35,000)
		3,66,250	$2,\!28,\!750$
6.	Intangible Assets		
	Goodwill	25,000	37,500
		25,000	37,500
7.	Inventories		
	Stock in Trade	30,500	18,000
		30,500	18,000

Additional Information :

- (i) ₹ 25,000, 12% debentures were issued on 31.3.2016.
- (ii) During the year a piece of machinery costing \neq 20,000, on which accumulated depreciation was \neq 10,000, was sold at a loss of \neq 2,500.

Prepare Cash Flow Statement.

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P.T.O.

खण्ड ख

(अभिकलित्र लेखांकन)

PART B

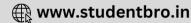
(Computerized Accounting)

18. एस.क्यू.एल. (SQL) के एक साधन के रूप में 'ज्वाइन' (Join) का क्या अर्थ है ? What is meant by 'Join' as a tool of SQL ?

19.	'सकल वेतन' तथा 'शुद्ध वेतन' गुणों को डेटाबेस में संकलित करने की आवश्यकता क्यों नहीं	
	होती है ?	1
	Why is it not required to store 'Gross Salary' and 'Net Salary' attributes in the database ?	
20.	एक वेतन बिल द्वारा क्या सूचना प्रदान की जाती है ? समझाइए ।	4
	What information is provided by a salary bill ? Explain.	
21.	विशिष्ट लेखांकन सॉफ्टवेयर का चयन करने से पूर्व ध्यान में रखे जाने वाले 'संगठन के	
	आकार' तथा 'अपनाने में आसान एवं प्रशिक्षण आवश्यकताओं' को समझाइए ।	4
	Explain 'Size of Organisation' and 'Ease of Adaptation and Training needs' as considerations before opting for a specific computer accounting software.	
22.	'पिवटू टेबल' के किन्हीं चार लाभों का उल्लेख कीजिए।	4
	State any four advantages of 'Pivot Tables'.	
23.	कंडीशनल फॉर्मेटिंग का क्या अर्थ है ? इसके लाभों को समझाइए ।	6
	What is meant by conditional formatting ? Explain its benefits.	

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/	6//	6//		Accountancy (055)				01 11.01
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				Expected Answers / Value	e poir	nts		
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				t wo of the following:				½ x
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			• In	solvent persons				
				ny other individual who has been disqualified	by la	W		
	2	2		can be re-issued.				
			Ans. The	maximum amount of discount at which these	shar	es can be re-issuec	l is `8 per	=1 M
			share or `	8,000.				
	3	6	Q. Y Ltd. i	nvitedissue of debentures.				
			Ans.	Books of the firn	า			
				Journal				
			Date	Particulars	LF	Dr (`)	Cr (`)	
			2016	Bank A/c Dr.		2,16,000		
			Jan 1	To 9% Debenture Application & Allotment A/c			2,16,000	
				(Being application money received for				1⁄2
				2,400 debentures @ ` 90 each)				
			2016	9% Debenture Application & Allotment A/c Dr.		2,16,000		
			Jan 1	Discount on Issue of Debentures A/c Dr.		20,000		
				To 9 % Debentures A/c			2,00,000	
				To Bank A/c			36,000	1⁄2
				(Being 2000, 9% debentures allotted on				
				pro-rata basis)				=1 M
	4	1		and Sudharectify the error.				
			Ans.					
				Books of the firm				
				Journal	<u> </u>			
			Date	Particulars	LF	Dr (`)	Cr (`)	
			2016	Sudha's Current A/c Dr.		1,500		
			April 1	To Suman's Current A/c			1,500	=1 M
				(Being the adjustment of interest on				
				capital omitted in previous year now				
				rectified)				
	5	5		and RamanReena's Sacrifice.				
				an's Old Share = 3/7				
				Sacrifice = 1/3 of 3/7 = 1/7				
			Roma's Sh					
			Reena's Sa	acrifice = Roma's share – Raman's sacrifice = 2	2/7 –	1/7 = 1/7		=1 M
				OR				
				Id Share = $4/7$				
				ew share = $3/7$				
<u> </u>				acrifice = $4/7 - 3/7 = 1/7$				
	6	3		he twoprovided.	0		••• •••••••	
				/hen partners contribute unequal amounts of			ts equally.	1/2
			(b) When	the capital contribution is same but profit sha	ring	is unequal.		1/2
	_							=1 M
P	7	9	•	Ltd. Is to propagate.				
			Ans.					
1		1						1

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			(As per revi			
		Particulars	Note No.		ount (`)	Amount (`)
		' & LIABILITIES		Curr	ent year	Previous year
		holder's funds :				
		Share Capital	1	ŗ	5,19,98,500	
No		•	I			
	ies io	Accounts : Particula	ars			()
	(1)	Share Capital				
		Authorised Capital :				
		1,50,00,000 equity shares of	10 each			<u>15,00,00,000</u>
		Issued Capital 52,00,000 equity shares of `	10 each			5,20,00,000
		Subscribed and fully paid Caj				<u>3,20,00,000</u>
		51,99,500 shares of ` 10 each		5,19,	95,000	
		Subscribed but not fully paid	<u>d Capital</u>			
		500 equity shares of 10 each				_
		Less: Calls in arrears (500 X 3	8) <u>1,500</u>		<u>3,500</u>	<u>5,19,98,500</u>
\/al	lues (I	Any two):				
		Providing employment opport	unities to the lo	ocal youth	۱.	
		Promotion of rural developme		<i>j ×</i>		
	• F	Promotion of skill developmen	nt in the state o	f Jharkha	nd.	
		Paying attention towards region	ons of social un	rest.		
		other suitable value)	D In dia 14d			
7 Q. (C Indi	other suitable value) a Ltd. Purchased	B India Ltd	•		
	C Indi		B India Ltd C India Ltd.	•		
7 Q. (C Indi					
7 Q. (Ans	C Indi		C India Ltd. Journal	LF	Dr. Amt	Cr. Amt
7 Q. (An:	C Indi s. Date	a Ltd. Purchased Particulars	C India Ltd. Journal	LF	()	()
7 Q. (Ans	C Indi s. Date	a Ltd. Purchased Particulars Machinery A/c	C India Ltd. Journal			()
7 Q. (An:	C Indi s. Date	a Ltd. Purchased Particulars Machinery A/c To B India Ltd.	C India Ltd. Journal	Dr.	()	()
7 Q. (An: []	C Indi s. Date	a Ltd. Purchased Particulars Machinery A/c	C India Ltd. Journal	Dr.	() 2,52,000	()
7 Q. (An:	C Indi s. Date	a Ltd. Purchased Particulars Machinery A/c To B India Ltd. (Being machinery purchased	C India Ltd. Journal	LF Dr. d.)	()	()
7 Q. (An: []	C Indi s. Date	a Ltd. Purchased Particulars Machinery A/c To B India Ltd. (Being machinery purchased B India Ltd. To Equity Share Capital A/c To Securities Premium Rese	C India Ltd. Journal from B India Lt	LF Dr. d.)	() 2,52,000	(`) 2,52,000
7 Q. (An: []	C Indi s. Date	A Ltd. Purchased Particulars Machinery A/c To B India Ltd. (Being machinery purchased B India Ltd. To Equity Share Capital A/c To Securities Premium Rese (Being 10,000 equity shares of	C India Ltd. Journal from B India Lt	LF Dr. d.)	() 2,52,000	(`) 2,52,000 1,00,000
7 Q. (An: []	C Indi s. Date	a Ltd. Purchased Particulars Machinery A/c To B India Ltd. (Being machinery purchased B India Ltd. To Equity Share Capital A/c To Securities Premium Rese	C India Ltd. Journal from B India Lt	LF Dr. d.)	() 2,52,000	 (`) 2,52,000 1,00,000
7 Q. (An: (i)	C Indi s. Date	A Ltd. Purchased Particulars Machinery A/c To B India Ltd. (Being machinery purchased B India Ltd. To Equity Share Capital A/c To Securities Premium Rese (Being 10,000 equity shares issued at 20% premium)	C India Ltd. Journal from B India Lt	LF Dr. d.) Dr.	() 2,52,000 1,20,000	 (`) 2,52,000 1,00,000
7 Q. (An: []	C Indi s. Date	A Ltd. Purchased Particulars Machinery A/c To B India Ltd. (Being machinery purchased B India Ltd. To Equity Share Capital A/c To Securities Premium Rese (Being 10,000 equity shares of issued at 20% premium) B India Ltd.	C India Ltd. Journal	LF Dr. d.) Dr. Dr. Dr. Dr.	() 2,52,000 1,20,000 95,000	 (`) 2,52,000 1,00,000
7 Q. (An: (i)	C Indi s. Date	A Ltd. Purchased Particulars Machinery A/c To B India Ltd. (Being machinery purchased B India Ltd. To Equity Share Capital A/c To Securities Premium Rese (Being 10,000 equity shares issued at 20% premium)	C India Ltd. Journal	LF Dr. d.) Dr.	() 2,52,000 1,20,000	 () 2,52,000 1,00,000 20,000
7 Q. (An: (i)	C Indi s. Date	A Ltd. Purchased Particulars Machinery A/c To B India Ltd. (Being machinery purchased B India Ltd. To Equity Share Capital A/c To Securities Premium Rese (Being 10,000 equity shares of issued at 20% premium) B India Ltd. Discount on Issue of Debentu To 9% Debentures A/c	C India Ltd. Journal	LF Dr. d.) Dr. Dr. Dr. Dr.	() 2,52,000 1,20,000 95,000	 (`) 2,52,000 1,00,000
7 Q. (An: (i)	C Indi s. Date	A Ltd. Purchased Particulars Machinery A/c To B India Ltd. (Being machinery purchased B India Ltd. To Equity Share Capital A/c To Securities Premium Rese (Being 10,000 equity shares issued at 20% premium) B India Ltd. Discount on Issue of Debentu	C India Ltd. Journal	LF Dr. d.) Dr. Dr. Dr. Dr.	() 2,52,000 1,20,000 95,000	 (`) 2,52,000 1,00,000 20,000
7 Q. (An: (i)	C Indi s. Date	A Ltd. Purchased Particulars Machinery A/c To B India Ltd. (Being machinery purchased B India Ltd. To Equity Share Capital A/c To Securities Premium Rese (Being 10,000 equity shares issued at 20% premium) B India Ltd. Discount on Issue of Debentu To 9% Debentures A/c (Being 1000 9% debentures of	C India Ltd. Journal	LF Dr. d.) Dr. Dr. Dr. Dr.	() 2,52,000 1,20,000 95,000	 () 2,52,000 1,00,000 20,000
7 Q. (An: (i) (i)	C Indi s. Date	A Ltd. Purchased Particulars Machinery A/c To B India Ltd. (Being machinery purchased B India Ltd. To Equity Share Capital A/c To Securities Premium Rese (Being 10,000 equity shares of issued at 20% premium) B India Ltd. Discount on Issue of Debentur To 9% Debentures A/c (Being 1000 9% debentures of issued at 5% discount)	C India Ltd. Journal	LF Dr. d.) Dr. Dr. Dr. Dr. Dr. Dr.	(`) 2,52,000 1,20,000 95,000 5,000	 () 2,52,000 1,00,000 20,000
7 Q. (An: (i) (i)	C Indi s. Date	A Ltd. Purchased Particulars Machinery A/c To B India Ltd. (Being machinery purchased B India Ltd. To Equity Share Capital A/c To Securities Premium Rese (Being 10,000 equity shares of issued at 20% premium) B India Ltd. Discount on Issue of Debentur To 9% Debentures A/c (Being 1000 9% debentures of issued at 5% discount) B India Ltd. To Bank A/c	C India Ltd. Journal	LF Dr. d.) Dr. Dr.	(`) 2,52,000 1,20,000 95,000 5,000	 () 2,52,000 1,00,000 20,000 1,00,000 1,00,000
7 Q. (An: (i) (i)	C Indi s. Date	A Ltd. Purchased Particulars Machinery A/c To B India Ltd. (Being machinery purchased B India Ltd. To Equity Share Capital A/c To Securities Premium Rese (Being 10,000 equity shares issued at 20% premium) B India Ltd. Discount on Issue of Debentu To 9% Debentures A/c (Being 1000 9% debentures of issued at 5% discount) B India Ltd.	C India Ltd. Journal	LF Dr. d.) Dr. Dr.	(`) 2,52,000 1,20,000 95,000 5,000	 () 2,52,000 1,00,000 20,000 1,00,000 1,00,000

				C India Lt	d.			
				Journal				
	Date		Particula	rs		LF	Dr. Amt	Cr. Amt
							()	()
	(i)	Machine	ry A/c		Dr.		2,52,000	
		To B Ind	lia Ltd.					2,52,000
		(Being m	achinery purchase	d from B India	a Ltd.)			
	(ii)	B India Lt	td.		Dr.		2,52,000	
		Discount	on Issue of Deben	tures A/c	Dr.		5,000	
		To Equit	ty Share Capital A/o	2				1,00,000
		To 9% D	ebentures A/c					1,00,000
		To Bank	A/c					37,000
		To Secu	rities Premium Res	erve A/c				20,000
		(Being pa	ayment made to B I	ndia Ltd.)				
		g Notes:						
0 1	Purchas	e Consider	ation = 1,20,000 + S's r	<u>95,000 + 37,0</u>)00 = ` .	2,52,0	000	
9 10	0 0. P,Q,I Ans.	<, AND 5	5′S r	etirement.				
	A113.			Books of the	firm			
				Journal				
	Date		Particula	ars		LF	Dr. Amt	Cr. Amt
							(`)	()
	2017	R's Cap	ital A/c		Dr.		84,000	
	Jan 31		s Capital A/c					42,000
			s Capital A/c					42,000
		-	adjustment of Goo	odwill on S's				
		retirem	nent)					
		<u>g Notes:</u>						
	1.	Calculation	n of Gaining Ratio:	0	r			S
	New F	Datio	P 4/10	Q 3/10	<u>ا</u>	« 3/10		<u> </u>
	Old Ra		5/10	3/10		1/10		- 1/10
			1/10 (Sacrifice)	Nil			(Gain)	1/10 (Sacrifice
10 8	Q. Raj N	Notors Ltd.		books of Ra				·
	Ans.				_			
				Raj Motors	Ltd.			
				Journal				
	Date		Particula	rs		LF	Dr. Amt	Cr. Amt
		100/ Dah			D.,		(`)	()
			entures A/c		Dr.		40,000	
			benture holders A/		10			37,600
			count on issue of d					2,400
			nount payable to d	epenture hol	ders			
		on conve	•					
			re holders A/c		Dr.		37,600	
			ty Share Capital A/					30,080
			rities Premium Res					7,520
			2% debentures con					

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			Number o	f equity shares to be i						1
					= 3008 sl	nares				= 3 Ma
2	11	12		d Z C	apital Account	•				
			Ans.		Z's Capi	tal A/c				
			Dr						Cr	
			Date	Particulars	Amt (`)	Date	Parti	iculars	Amt (`)	
			2016 Sep 30	To Drawings A/c	30,000	2016 April 1	Dv D	alance b/d (γ_2)	80,000	
			Sep 30	To Interest on	2.000	Sep 30		<u>alance b/d</u> ($\frac{1/2}{1/2}$)	4,800	½ X
				Drawings A/c	1/2			tal A/c (½)		
			Sep 30	To Z's Executor's A/	<u>c 1,32,800</u>	Sep 30		<u>& L Suspense</u>	_{1/2}) 20,000	
					(1/2)	Sep 30	A/c By X	<u>'s Capital A/c</u>	L 37,500	=
						Sep 30		<u>'s Capital A/c</u>	¹ / ₂) 22,500	4 Ma
					<u>1,64,800</u>			//2	<u>1,64,800</u>	
1	12	11	Q. Pankaj	and Naresh	treatmer	nt of Goo	dwill.			
			Ans.							
				<u>tion of Hidden Goodw</u> share = 1/5	<u>/III:</u>					
				Capital = $3,00,000$						
				apital of the new firm	= 3,00,000 X 5	= 15,00,0	00			
			(b) Existin	g total capital of Pank	aj, Naresh and				0+`3,00,000	1
			Coodwill	of the firm = 15,00,000			1,00,0	00		
				rabh's share of goodw			000			
				tion of New Profit Sha						
				ew share = $3/5 - 1/5 = 2/5$	= 2/5					1
				new share = 2/5 share = 1/5						
			New Ratio							
			(c)							
			Dr.		Books of Jour				Cr.	
			Date	Part	iculars	lidi	LF	Dr (`)	Cr (`)	
			2016	Saurabh's Current A		Dr.		80,000		2
			Apr 1	To Pankaj's C					80,000	=
				(Being credit given fo		ankaj				4 Ma
	13		O Mahad	on Saurabh's admiss lev, Sukesh, Menon	,	roconsti	tutod	firm		
	13	-	Ans.	iev, sukesn, ivienon	Revaluat		lulea	III m.		
			Dr		novuluu				Cr	
			Particula		Amt (`)	Particu			Amt (`)	
				n for Workmen	25,000			valuation		
			Compen	sation Assets A/c	75.000			Partners'		1 1
				A22612 A/L	75,000	Capital Mahade		50,000		17
						Sukesh	~ •	20,000		
						Menon		20,000		
						Thomas	5	1 <u>0,000</u>	1,00,000	

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		Dr										Cr	
		Particulars	Mahadev	Sukesh	Menon	Thomas	Particulars	Maha	adev	Sukesh	Menon	Thomas	
		To Revaluation A/c	50,000	20.000	20,000	10,000	By Balance b/d	7,00	0,000	6,00,000	5,00,000	4,50,000	
		То					By Sukesh's Capital A/c	12	2,000				
		Mahadev's Capital A/c		12.000			By Cash A/c	1,98	8,000	77,000			21
		To Cash A/c			50,000	2,25,000							
		To Balance c/d	8,60,000 9,10,000	6,45,000	4,30,000	2,15,000		0.10	0,000	6,77,000	5,00,000	4,50,000	
			9,10,000	6,77,000	5,00,000	4,50,000		9,10	J,000	8,77,000	5,00,000	4,50,000	
			Bala	ance She	a	s at 31 st	, Sukesh, Me March 2016	enon a	nd T	homas			
		L	iabilities.		A	(`)		Asse	ets		Am	nt (`)	
		Partners' C	apital A/o):			Fixed Ass	sets				25,000	
		Mahadev	apria	,. 8,60,00	n		Current A					75,000	2
		Sukesh Menon		6,45,00 4,30,00	00			155015			0,	10,000	_
		Thomas					n						=
			Indumon	<u>2,15,00</u>	<u> </u>	21,50,00							
		Claim for W				1,00,00	0						6 Ma
		Compensat				1 50 00	_						
		Sundry Cre	ditors			1,50,00							
						1 00 00	n				244	20.000	
14		2 0- 1 1 2	N4 F			24,00,00					<u>24,</u>	<u>00,000</u>	-
14	-	Q. On 1-4-20)15	•••••	eı	naea si	" Iviarch, 201	6.					
		Ans.											
						GG	í Ltd.						
						Jou	ırnal						
		Date			Partic	ulars			LF	Dr (`)	0	(`)	
			Bank A/c		• :			Dr.		2,82,00			
		Apr 1					otment A/c					82,000	1
								Dr.		2,82,00	00		
			Discount					Dr.		18,00			
			loss on Is				1/0	Dr.		30,00			
			To 9 % E			63746				00,00		00,000	1
						on of Deb	entures A/c					30,000	
		(Being tra									30,000	
			•				ount of 6%, b	.					
			edeemak					Jui					
		'	eucemar	ne at pro	0 ווועוווי								
			W Dobon	+	-	-	+ N/o	D ~		2 02 00			
								Dr. Dr		2,82,00			
			oss on Is			es a/c		Dr.		48,00		~~ ~~~	
			To 9 % D			(D . I	· • • • • •					00,000	
					•		entures A/c					30,000	
			Being tra				•						
							ount of 6%, b	out					
		r	edeemak	le at pre	emium	of 10%)							



		Sep 30	Io Debenture holders A/c To TDS Payable A/c (Being interest payable on 9% debent deducted at source @ 10%)	ures an	nd tax		12,150 1,350	1
		2015 Sep 30	Debenture holders A/c TDS Payable A/c To Bank A/c (Being interest paid to debentures an	d TDS	Dr. Dr.	12,150 1,350	13,500	1/2
		2016 Mar 31	deposited in government account) Debenture Interest A/c To Debenture holders A/c To TDS Payable A/c (Being interest payable on 9% debent	ures an	Dr. nd tax	13,500	12,150 1,350	1
		2016 Mar 31	deducted at source @ 10%) Debenture holders A/c TDS Payable A/c To Bank A/c (Being interest paid to debentures an deposited in government account)	d TDS	Dr. Dr.	12,150 1,350	13,500	1/2
		2016 Mar 31	Statement of Profit & Loss To Debenture Interest A/c (Being interest on debentures transfe statement to P & L)	rred to	Dr.	27,000	27,000	1 = 6 Ma
15	-	Ans.	ecessary realisation ac Books of th Journa	e firm				
		Date	Particulars		LF	Dr (`)	Cr (`)	
		(i)	Realisation A/c To Cash/ Bank A/c (Being dissolution expenses paid)	Dr.		4,500	4,500	1
		(ii)	Realisation A/c To Sudhir's Capital A/c (Being dissolution expenses paid by partner)	Dr.		5,000	5,000	1
		(iii)	Realisation A/c To Sudha's Capital A/c (Being commission paid to Sudha for dissolution work)	Dr.		7,300	7,300	1
		(iv)a.	Realisation A/c To Somesh's Capital A/c (Being dissolution expenses paid by Somesh and compensated by firm)	Dr.		5,000	5,000	1/2
		(iv) b.	Somesh's Capital A/c To Bank A/c (Being dissolution expenses paid by fir	Dr. rm)		4,750	4,750	1/2

			To Sheetal's Capital A/c (Being partner Sheetal remunera dissolution expenses)	ted for			8,000
		(v) b.	Sheetal's Capital A/c To Smita's Capital A/c (Being dissolution expenses paid on behalf of Sheetal) Note: In case, an examinee has n the second entry, full credit may for the first entry only	ot passed		7,500	7,500
		(vi) a.	Realisation A/c To Somaya's Capital A/c (Being partner Somaya remunera dissolution expenses)	Dr. ated for		11,000	11,000
		(vi) b. (vi)	Somaya's Capital A/c To Realisation A/c (Being stock taken over by Somay remuneration which had been tra to realisation A/c) OR No Entry			11,000	11,000
16	17	a.+b. Q. A and	Z areB's admiss	ion.			
		Ans.					
				of the firm			
		Date		of the firm ournal	LF	Dr (`)	Cr (`)
			Jo	Durnal Dr.	LF	Dr (`) 15,000	Cr (`) 10,500 4,500
		Date	Jo Particulars General Reserve A/c To A's Capital A/c To Z's Capital A/c (Being General Reserve distribute	Durnal Dr. ed among Dr.	LF		10,500
		Date (i)	JoParticularsGeneral Reserve A/cTo A's Capital A/cTo Z's Capital A/c(Being General Reserve distribute partners)Cash A/cTo B's Capital A/cTo Premium for Goodwill A/c(Being cash received as B's capital premium for goodwill)Premium for Goodwill A/cTo A's Capital A/cTo Z's Capital A/cTo Z's Capital A/c(Being premium for Goodwill created old partner's capital account in sate	Durnal Dr. ed among Dr. al and Dr. dited to	LF	15,000	10,500 4,500 90,000
		Date (i) (ii)	JoParticularsGeneral Reserve A/cTo A's Capital A/cTo Z's Capital A/c(Being General Reserve distributepartners)Cash A/cTo B's Capital A/cTo Premium for Goodwill A/c(Being cash received as B's capitapremium for goodwill)Premium for Goodwill A/cTo A's Capital A/cTo A's Capital A/cTo Z's Capital A/c(Being premium for Goodwill Credent A/c)Capital A/cTo Z's Capital A/cCapital A/c <t< td=""><td>Durnal Dr. Dr. al and Dr. dited to acrificing Dr. Dr. Dr.</td><td>LF</td><td>15,000</td><td>10,500 4,500 90,000 30,000 21,000</td></t<>	Durnal Dr. Dr. al and Dr. dited to acrificing Dr. Dr. Dr.	LF	15,000	10,500 4,500 90,000 30,000 21,000

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		To Bad debts A/c (Being provision utilised for writing off	bad			4,500	¥2
1	1	debts)	Nuu	1			
1 1	(vii)	Revaluation A/c	Dr.	i – †	975		
1 1				i		975	1/2
1 1				<u>і </u>			
1 1	(viii)	Outstanding Wages A/c	Dr.	i	9,000		
1 1	1			ı		9,000	1⁄2
1 1	í 📃 🔤	(Being outstanding wages paid)		\square			1
1 1	(ix)	Revaluation A/c	Dr.	ı	17,100		
1 1	1	To Stock A/c		i		6,000	
1 1	1			i			11
1 1	1			ı		9,600	
1 1	'						
1 1	(x)	Investments A/c	Dr.	ı	7,500		
1 1	1	To Revaluation A/c		ı		7,500	1⁄2
1 1	'		-	<u>і </u>			1
1 1	(xi)	Revaluation A/c	Dr.	·	6,300		
1 1	1	To Creditors A/c		ı		6,300	1⁄2
1 1	'	(Being increase in creditors recorded)		ı			1
1 1	(xii)	A's Capital A/c	Dr.	,	11,812.50		
1 1	1		Dr.	ı	5062.50		
1 1	1	To Revaluation A/c		ı		16875	1/2
1 1	1	(Being loss on revaluation transferred t	to	ı			=
1 1	1	Partner's Capital A/c)		ı			8 Ma
1 !			ned	ı T			1
1 1	1	entry number (vii), (ix) and (xi), full cre	edit	ı			
1	1	may be given.		ı			
1 1	1	(2½)		ı			
1 1	1	Revaluation A/c	Dr.	ı	24,375		
1 1	1		A/c	ı		975	
1 !	1	To Stock A/c		ı		6,000	
1 !	1	To Furniture A/c		i		1,500	
1 1	1	To Plant & Machinery A/c		ı		9,600	
1 1	1	To Creditor A/c		ı		6,300	
1 1	1	(Being assets and liabilities revalued)		ı			
					L		
17 OR	-	d G wereG's retirement	•				1
	Allo.	Books of the	e firm				1
1 1		-	<u> </u>				
1 1				LF	• •	Cr (`)	
1 1	(i)		Dr.	ı	90,000		
1 1	1			ı			
1 1	1	•		ı			1
1 1	1	•		i		45,000	1
1 1	1		ong	ı			
1	'	partners)					
1 1	(ii)	N's Capital A/c	Dr.	i – †	15,000		
1 1	1	S's Capital A/c	Dr.	ı	22,500		
1 '	11	-	Dr.	, I	37,500		1
۱ I	• •						
		To Profit and Loss A/c				75,000	ļ
	17 OR	Image: Constraint of the second se	(Being provision utilised for writing off debts) (vii) Revaluation A/c To Provision for bad and doubtful debts / (Being provision for bad debts created) (viii) Outstanding Wages A/c To Cash A/c (Being outstanding wages paid) (ix) Revaluation A/c To Stock A/c To Furniture A/c To Plant & Machinery A/c (Being increase in assets recorded) (x) Investments A/c To Revaluation A/c To Revaluation A/c (Being increase in investments recorded (xi) (xi) Revaluation A/c (Being increase in creditors recorded) (xii) (xii) Revaluation A/c (Being loss on revaluation transferred t Partner's Capital A/c Z's Capital A/c Note: In case an examinee has combin entry number (vii), (ix) and (xi), full cree may be given. 2½ Revaluation A/c To Fronvision for bad and doubtful debts To Stock A/c To Provision for bad and doubtful debts To Stock A/c To Provision for bad and doubtful debts To Stock A/c T	(Being provision utilised for writing off bad debts) (vii) Revaluation A/c Dr. To Provision for bad and doubtful debts A/c Being provision for bad debts created) (viii) Outstanding Wages A/c Dr. To Cash A/c Being ustanding wages paid) Iteration A/c (ix) Revaluation A/c Dr. To Stock A/c To Furniture A/c To Furniture A/c To Plant & Machinery A/C (Being decrease in assets recorded) (x) Investments A/c Dr. To Creditors A/c Being increase in creditors recorded) (xi) Revaluation A/c Dr. To Creditors A/c Being increase in creditors recorded) Iteration A/c (xii) A's Capital A/c Dr. To Revaluation A/c Being loss on revaluation transferred to Partner's Capital A/c Dr. To Revaluation A/c Being loss on revaluation transferred to Partner's Capital A/c Dr. To Provision for bad and doubtful debts A/c To Stock A/c To Stock A/c To Furniture A/c To Furniture A/c To Furniture A/c To Furniture A/c To Furniture A/c To Furniture A/c To Furniture A/c	(Being provision utilised for writing off bad debts) (vii) Revaluation A/c Dr. To Provision for bad and doubtful debts A/c (Being provision for bad debts created) (viii) Outstanding Wages A/c Dr. To Cash A/c Dr. To Cash A/c (Being outstanding wages paid) Investments A/c Dr. (ix) Revaluation A/c Dr. To Stock A/c To Furniture A/c Dr. To Plant & Machinery A/c (Being decrease in assets recorded) (x) Investments A/c Dr. To Revaluation A/c Dr. To Creditors A/c (Being increase in investments recorded) Revaluation A/c Dr. (xii) Revaluation A/c Dr. To Creditors A/c (Being loss on revaluation transferred to Partner's Capital A/c Dr. To Revaluation A/c (xiii) A's Capital A/c Dr. Dr. To Revaluation A/c Being loss on revaluation transferred to Partner's Capital A/c Dr. To Provision for bad and doubtful debts A/c To Stock A/c To Stock A/c To Furniture A/c To Furniture A/c To Furniture A/c To Provision for bad and	Image: state of the state	(eling provision utilised for writing off bad debts)

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			lo Debtors A/c			6,000	y
			(Being debtors of ` 6000 written off)			· []	
		(iv)	Provision for bad and doubtful debts A/c To Bad Debts A/c	Dr.	6,000	(000	ŋ
			(Being provision utilised for writing off l	had		6,000	7
			and doubtful debts)				
		(v)	Provision for bad and doubtful debts A/c	Dr.	2,550		
			To Revaluation A/c		2,000	2,550	1
			(Being excess provision transferred to				
			Revaluation A/c)				
		(vi)	Revaluation A/c	Dr.	1,35,000		
			To Patents A/c			90,000	
			To Stock A/c			7,500	
			To Machinery A/c			22,500	
			To Building A/c			15,000	
			(Being decrease in assets recorded)				
		(vii)	Revaluation A/c	Dr.	30,000		
			To Creditors A/c			30,000	1
			(Being increase in creditors recorded)				
		(viii)	N's Capital A/c	Dr.	32,490		
			•	Dr.	48,735		
				Dr.	81,225		1
			To Revaluation A/c			1,62,450	
			(Being loss on revaluation transferred to	c l			
			Partners' Capital A/c)				
		(ix)	N's Capital A/c	Dr.	18,000		
			S's Capital A/c	Dr.	27,000		
			To G's Capital A/c			45,000	
			(Being Goodwill adjusted on G's				
			retirement)				
		(x)		Dr.	4,21,275		
			To G's Loan A/c			4,21,275	1
			(Being balance of G's Capital transferred	d to			:
			G's Loan A/c)				
			Note: In case an examinee has combine		\top		8 M
			entry number (vi) and (vii), full credit n	nay			
			be given.				
			Revaluation A/	Dr.	1,65,000		
			To Patents A/c			90,000	
			To Stock A/c			7,500	
			To Machinery A/c			22,500	
			To Building A/c			15,000	
			To Creditors A/c			30,000	
			(Being assets and liabilities revalued)				
		Working		45 000	07 500		
		Amouni	payable to $G = 4,50,000 - 81,225 + 45,000 - 4,21,275$	+ 45,000 -	.37,500		
17	16		= 4,21,275				
17	10	Ans.	tdbooks of the comp	any.			
		AIIS.					

Date	Particulars		LF	Dr. Amt	Cr. Amt
				()	()
i)	Bank A/c	Dr.		8,00,000	. ,
/	To Equity Share Application A/c				8,00,000
	(Being application money received on share	s)			
ii)	Equity Share Application A/c	Dr.		8,00,000	
	To Equity Share Capital A/c				4,00,000
	To Securities Premium Reserve A/c				4,00,000
	(Being application money transferred)				
iii)	Equity Share Allotment A/c	Dr.		10,00,000	
	To Equity Share Capital A/c				6,00,000
	To Securities Premium Reserve A/c				4,00,000
	(Being share allotment money due)				
iv)	Bank A/c	Dr.		10,11,500	
	Calls in Arrears A/c	Dr.		5,000	
	To Equity Share Allotment A/c				10,00,000
	To Calls in Advance A/c				16,500
	(Being allotment money received except on				
	1,000 shares and calls in advance received)				
	OR	_			
	Bank A/c	Dr.		10,11,500	
	To Equity Share Allotment A/c				9,95,000
	To Calls in Advance A/c				16,500
	(Being allotment money received except on				
<u>,</u>	1,000 shares and calls in advance received)	<u> </u>		F 000	
v)	Equity Share Capital A/c	Dr.		5,000	
	Securities Premium Reserve A/c	Dr.		2,000	
	To Shares Forfeited A/c	Λ/-			2,000
	To Equity Share Allotment A/c/ Calls in arrears				5,000
<i>(</i> i)	(Being 1,000 shares forfeited after allotmen	•		0.05.000	
vi)	Equity Share First call A/c	Dr.		9,95,000	2 00 000
	To Equity Share Capital A/c To Securities Premium Reserve A/c				3,98,000
	(Being first call made due on 1,99,000 share	c)			5,97,000
(11)	Bank A/c			0 00 400	
vii)	Calls in arrears A/c	Dr. Dr.		9,88,600	
	Calls in advance A/c	Dr. Dr.		2,500 7,500	
	To Equity Share First Call A/c	וט.		7,500	9,95,000
	To Calls in advance A/c				9,93,000 3,600
	(Being first call money and calls in advance				5,000
	received, advance received earlier adjusted				
	OR	,			
	Bank A/c	Dr.		9,88,600	
	Calls in advance A/c	Dr.		7,500	
	To Equity Share First Call A/c			,	9,92,500
	To Calls in advance A/c				3,600
	(Being first call money and calls in advance				
	received, advance received earlier adjusted))			
	,,				

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				Securities Premium Reserve A/c	Dr.		1,500				
	ļ			To Shares Forfeited A/c	I			2,500			
	ļ	1		To Calls in arrears A/c/ Equity Share First Call	ı A/c	'		2,500			
	ļ	1		(Being 500 shares forfeited)		<u> </u>					
	ļ	1	(ix)	Equity Share Second & Final call A/c	Dr.		11,91,000				
	ļ	1		To Equity Share Capital A/c	1	'		5,95,500			
	ļ	1		To Securities Premium Reserve A/c		'		5,95,500			
	ļ	1		(Being second call due on 1,98,500 shares	-	' '					
	ļ	1	(x)	Bank A/c	Dr.	'	11,78,400				
	ļ	1		Calls in advance A/c	Dr.	'	12,600	.			
	ļ	1		To Equity share second and final call A/	/c	'		11,91,000			
\bot				(Being second and final call received)	·	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	8 N		
	17	16	-	td books of the company	j.	-					
\$	OR	OR	Ans.								
	ļ	1	Joy Ltd.								
	ļ	1		Journal		1 1 E	<u> </u>				
	ļ	1	Date	Particulars		LF	Dr. Amt	Cr. Amt			
	ļ	1				'	()	()			
	ļ	1	(i)	Bank A/c	Dr.	Γ '	1,80,000				
	ļ	1		To Equity Share Application A/c		'		1,80,000			
	ļ	1		(Being application money received on 60,	,000	'					
	ļ	1		shares)		<u> </u>					
	ļ	1	(ii)	Equity Share Application A/c	Dr.	'	1,80,000				
	ļ	1		To Equity Share Capital A/c		'		60,000			
	ļ	1		To Bank A/c		'		40,000			
	ļ	1		To Equity Share Allotment A/c		'		65,000			
	ļ	1		To Calls in Advance A/c		'		15,000			
	ļ	1		(Being application money transferred)		<u> </u>					
	ļ	1	(iii)	Equity Share Allotment A/c	Dr.	'	80,000				
	ļ	1		To Equity Share Capital A/c		'		80,000			
	ļ	1		(Being share allotment money due)		<u> </u>					
	ļ	1	(iv)	Bank A/c	Dr.	'	14,700				
	ļ	1		Calls in arrears A/c	Dr.	'	300				
	ļ	1		To Equity share allotment a/c	1	'		15,000			
	ļ	1		(Being amount received on allotment)		'					
	ļ	1		OR	-	'		.			
	ļ	1		Bank A/c	Dr.	'	14,700				
	ļ	1		To Equity share allotment a/c		'		14,700			
	ļ	1		(Being amount received on allotment)	'	<u> '</u>	2.100	·			
	ļ	1	(v)	Equity Share capital A/c	Dr.	'	2,100				
	ļ	1		To Shares Forfeited A/c		'		1,800			
	ļ	1		To Calls in arrears A/c		'		300			
	ļ	1		(Being 300 shares forfeited on which allot	tment	'					
	ļ	1		money was not received)		 '	50 100				
	ļ	1	(vi)	Equity share first and final call A/c	Dr.	'	59,100				
	ļ	1		To Equity share Capital A/c	I	'		59,100			
	ļ	1		(Being First and final call money due)	'	↓ '	L				
	ļ	1	(vii)	Bank A/c	Dr.	'	43,500				
	ļ	1		Calls in arrears A/c	Dr.	'	600				
	ļ	1		Calls in advance A/c	Dr.	'	15,000				
	ļ	1		To Equity share first and final call A/c		"		59,100			
		1		(Being first and final call money received		,		.			
	İ	ļ		except on 200 shares)			· 1				

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			in advance A/c Equity share first and final c	Dr. call A/c	15,000	58,500			
			ng first and final call money	received					
			pt on 200 shares)						
			ty Share capital A/c	Dr.	2,000				
			To Shares Forfeited A/c			1,400			
			To Calls in arrears A/c/ Equi	ity share first		600			
			final call A/c						
			ng 200 shares forfeited on w						
			call money was not receive		ļ				
		(ix) Bank		Dr.	6,000				
			Equity Share Capital A/c			5,000			
			Securities Premium Reserve			1,000			
			ng forfeited shares reissued						
		· · ·	es Forfeited A/c	Dr.	3,200	0.000			
			Capital Reserve A/c	· · ·		3,200			
			ng gain on reissue on forfeit				8 1		
	 	trans	sferred to capital reserve ac	,			01		
				PART B					
				statements Analysis)		\square		
18	-		nces and loans	answer.					
		Ans. Operating		ancial antarprises is th	poir main onors				
		Keasun: Auvai	nces and Loans made by fina	anciai enterprises is ti		ning activity.	=1		
19	-	O. State any t	wostatemen	nt/			+		
		Ans. Benefits of Cash Flow Statement (Any two):							
			Useful for short term financial planning						
			l in preparing the cash budg	U					
			arison with the cash budget						
			of the trend of cash receipt				=1		
			ul in ascertaining cash flow f		i i				
	-		Helpful in making dividend decisions.						
20		Q. Briefly explainTrade Payables.							
		Ans.							
		(a) Significance to the Finance Manager: Finance Manager can make policies and decisions							
		1 0	eeping in mind the liquidity, solvency, efficiency and profitability of the firm.						
			e to Trade Payables: Trade	payables can check w	hether the firm	n is able to	=4		
		pay their debts on time or not.							
21	21	Q. State with reasonequity shares.							
		Ans. Transaction	Effect on Return on	Reasons			ן ר		
		Hansaction	Investment	REASUIIS					
		(i)	Decrease	No change in Net I	Profit hefore In	terest and			
				Tax and increase in					
		(ii)	Decrease	Decrease in Net Pr	I	2	=4		
				and in capital emp					
		(iii)	Increase	No change in Net I		terest and	11		
		N-7		Tax but decrease i					
						•			
		(iv)	No change	No change in Net I	Profit before In	terest and	11		
		(iv)	No change	No change in Net I Tax and capital em		terest and			
22	22		No change tatementsBa	Tax and capital em		terest and			





			Heads	Sub-heads	
		Calls-in-arrears	Shareholders' funds	Share Capital	
		Calls -in-advance	Current Liabilities	Other Current Liabi	
		Gain on reissue of forfeited	Shareholders' funds	Reserves and Surplu	us
		equity shares	Non-Current	Other Long Term Li	abilition
		Trade payables to be settled beyond 12 months	Liabilities	Other Long Term Lia	adiitties
		from the date of Balance			
		Sheet			
23	23	Q. From the following	Cash Flow Stte	ment.	
		Ans.			
			ash flow statement of		
			ended 31 st March 2016		
		Particu		Details (`)	Amount (`)
		A. Cash Flows from Operating			
		Net Profit before tax & extrac	,	87,500	
		Add: Non cash and non-oper	ating charges		
		Goodwill written off		12,500	
		Depreciation on machinery		27,500	
		Interest on debentures		10,500	
		Loss on sale of machinery		<u>2,500</u>	
		Operating_profit before work	ing capital changes	1,40,500	
		Less: Increase in Current Ass	sets		
		Increase in inventories		<u>(12,500)</u>	
		Net Cash generated from Op	erating Activities		1,28,000
		B. Cash flows from Investing	<u>Activities :</u>		
		Purchase of machinery		(1,75,000)	
		Sale of machinery		7,500	
		Purchase of non current invest	stments	<u>(12,500)</u>	
		Net Cash used in investing ac	tivities		(1,80,000)
		C. Cash flows from Financing	Activities:		
		Issue of share capital		50,000	
		Issue of 12% debentures		25,000	
		Interest on debentures paid		(10,500)	
		Dividend paid		(31,250)	
		Bank overdraft raised		18,750	
		Net Cash flow from financing	activities		<u>52,000</u>
		Net change in cash & cash eq			Nil
		Add: Opening balance of cas			
		Current Investments		17,500	
		Cash and Cash Equivaler	nts	10,750	<u>28,250</u>
		Closing Balance of cash & cas			
		Current Investments		10,000	
	1	Cash and Cash Equivaler	-	18,250	<u>28,250</u>

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			Calculation of Net Profit before tax:							
			Net profit as per statement of Profit & Loss	37,500		1/2				
			Add: Proposed Dividend	50,000						
			Net Profit before tax & extraordinary items	<u> </u>						
				inery A/c						
			Particulars `	Particulars	<u> </u>	+				
			To Balance b/d 2,63,750	By Cash A/c	7,500					
			To Cash A/c 1,75,000	By Statement of P/L	2,500					
			(Purchase)	(Bal fig.) By Accumulated Depreciation A/c	10,000					
				By Balance c/d	4,18,750	1/2				
			4,38,750		4,38,750	=				
			Accumulated	Depreciation A/c		6 Ma				
			Particulars	Particulars	`					
			To Machinery A/c 10,000	By Balance b/d	35,000					
			To Balance c/d 52,500	5	27,500					
					27,000					
			<u>62,500</u>		<u>62,500</u>					
				ART B	02/000					
	10	10		ed Accounting)						
9	18	18	Q. What is meantSQL?			1 Ma				
			Ans. The process of matching rows in two ta	1 5	0 5					
			called a 'JOIN'. Loins along with Structured C	luery Language serve as a valu	able tool for					
			manipulating tables.			1 Ma				
8	19	19	5							
		Ans. They are merely computational outcomes from other attributes and keep on chang								
			with the change in affecting attributes.							
2	20	21	Q. What informationbill? Explai							
			Ans. The preparation of salary bill should provide for the following:							
			 Maintaining payroll related data suc 	h as employee number, Name,	, Attendance,					
			Basic Pay and other allowances and	deductions to be made.						
			 Periodic payroll computations which 	includes the calculations of ea	arning and	=4 Ma				
			deduction heads, which are to be div	vided from basic values as per	the formulae					
			Preparation of salary slip of an employee							
			Generation of advice to bank as it contains net salary to be transferred to individual							
			bank account of employees and othe	er salary related statutory payr	ments such as					
			provident fund tax etc.							
)	21	22	Q. Explain 'Size of Organisation'	software.						
			Ans.							
			Size of Organisation: (Explanation may inclu	ude following points)						
			Volume of business transactions affered as the second	ects the choice of software.		2				
			Small organisations or non profit org	janisations can opt for single u	ser operated					
			software.		-					
			Large organisations will require soph	nisticated software						
			Ease of adapting and training needs:							
			User friendly software require simpl	e and short training		2				
			Complex software require intense al			=4 Ma				
			• If it is simple it should be able to mo	0						
1	22	20	Q. State any fourTables							
-			Ans. Advantages of Pivot Table are: (Any fo							
			1. User friendly	,						
			2. Focus on results			=4 Ma				
			2 Multiple summarisation of data							

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			6. Analysis of related tables is facilitated	
β -	-	Q. What is meant byits benifits.		
			Ans. Conditional formatting means a format change, such as background cell shading or	
			font colour i.e. applied to a cell when a specified condition for the data in the cell is true.	3
			Conditional formatting is often applied to worksheets to find:	
			1. Data that is above or below a certain value.	
			2. Duplicate data values.	
			3. Cells containing specific text.	
			4. Data that is above or below average	
			5. Data that falls in the top ten or bottom ten values	
			Benefits of using conditional formatting:	
			1. Helps in answering questions which are important for taking decisions	3
			2. Guides with help of using visuals	
			Helps in understanding distribution and variation of critical data.	=6 Ma



